

South Carolina Health Centers



Community health centers (CHCs) provide comprehensive, high-quality primary and preventive care and reduce overall costs for the health care system. CHCs depend primarily on Medicaid and federal grant funding to operate.

Proposals to cap federal matching or end Medicaid expansions are a major threat to CHCs, their patients, and health systems in the communities they serve.

440,411
CHC patients

South Carolina's CHC patients are from varied populations, including more than:

- 111,000 children birth to age 18
- 255,000 adults ages 18 to 64
- 73,000 older adults age 65+

139,688
CHC patients
in Medicaid

- 80,000 children in Medicaid
- 59,000 adults 18 to 64 in Medicaid

1 in 8 Medicaid enrollees served by CHCs

32%

CHC patients covered by Medicaid

18%

CHC revenues from Medicaid

23

CHC grantees

CHCs work in communities with shortages of other providers

295

Service sites

43%

In rural areas

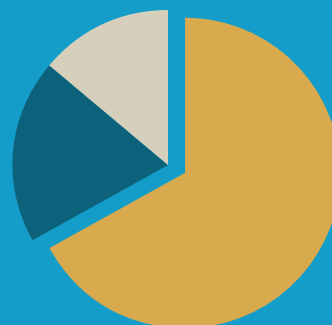


Employment Impact

4,737 jobs

Direct CHC jobs created (FTEs)

Patient Income Level



67% At or below 100% of poverty

19% 101-200% of poverty

14% Above 200% of poverty