

South Dakota Health Centers



Community health centers (CHCs) provide comprehensive, high-quality primary and preventive care and reduce overall costs for the health care system. CHCs depend primarily on Medicaid and federal grant funding to operate.

Proposals to cap federal matching or end Medicaid expansions are a major threat to CHCs, their patients, and health systems in the communities they serve.

124,541
CHC patients

South Dakota's CHC patients are from varied populations, including more than:

- 35,000 children birth to age 18
- 67,000 adults ages 18 to 64
- 21,000 older adults age 65+

25,047
CHC patients
in Medicaid

- 14,000 children in Medicaid
- 10,000 adults 18 to 64 in Medicaid

1 in 5

Medicaid enrollees served by CHCs

20%

CHC patients covered by Medicaid

18%

CHC revenues from Medicaid

4

CHC grantees

CHCs work in communities with shortages of other providers

49

Service sites

50%

In rural areas

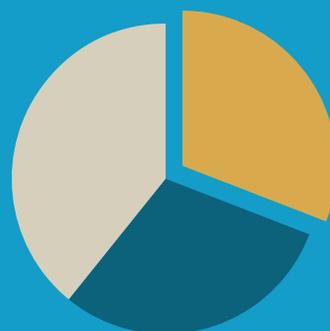


Employment Impact

877 jobs

Direct CHC jobs created (FTEs)

Patient Income Level



31% At or below 100% of poverty

30% 101-200% of poverty

39% Above 200% of poverty